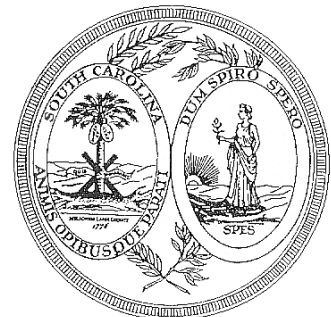


The South Carolina
Department of Juvenile Justice

2001-2002
Annual
Statistical
Report



To Our Readers:

I welcome this opportunity to introduce the Department of Juvenile Justice's (DJJ) *Annual Statistical Report for Fiscal Year 2001-2002*. DJJ is the state agency responsible for administering juvenile justice programs in South Carolina. Briefly, the scope of our statutory responsibilities includes:

- Intake processing of delinquency cases for the state's family courts;
- probation and aftercare supervision of adjudicated delinquents and youth conditionally released from facilities by the Juvenile Parole Board;
- evaluation of juveniles prior to case disposition in the family courts when so ordered by a judge;
- provision of special placement and treatment options at all levels within the system; and
- the operation of alternative programs and correctional facilities for youth committed to the agency's custody.

The report presents statistical information relative to each of these functions. It is organized to highlight statewide and longitudinal trends in the main body, while presenting county-level detail in an Appendix.

I appreciate your interest in learning more about the juvenile justice system of South Carolina. Should you have any questions or comments about the report, do not hesitate to contact us at (803) 896-7538.

Sincerely,

Gina E. Wood
Director

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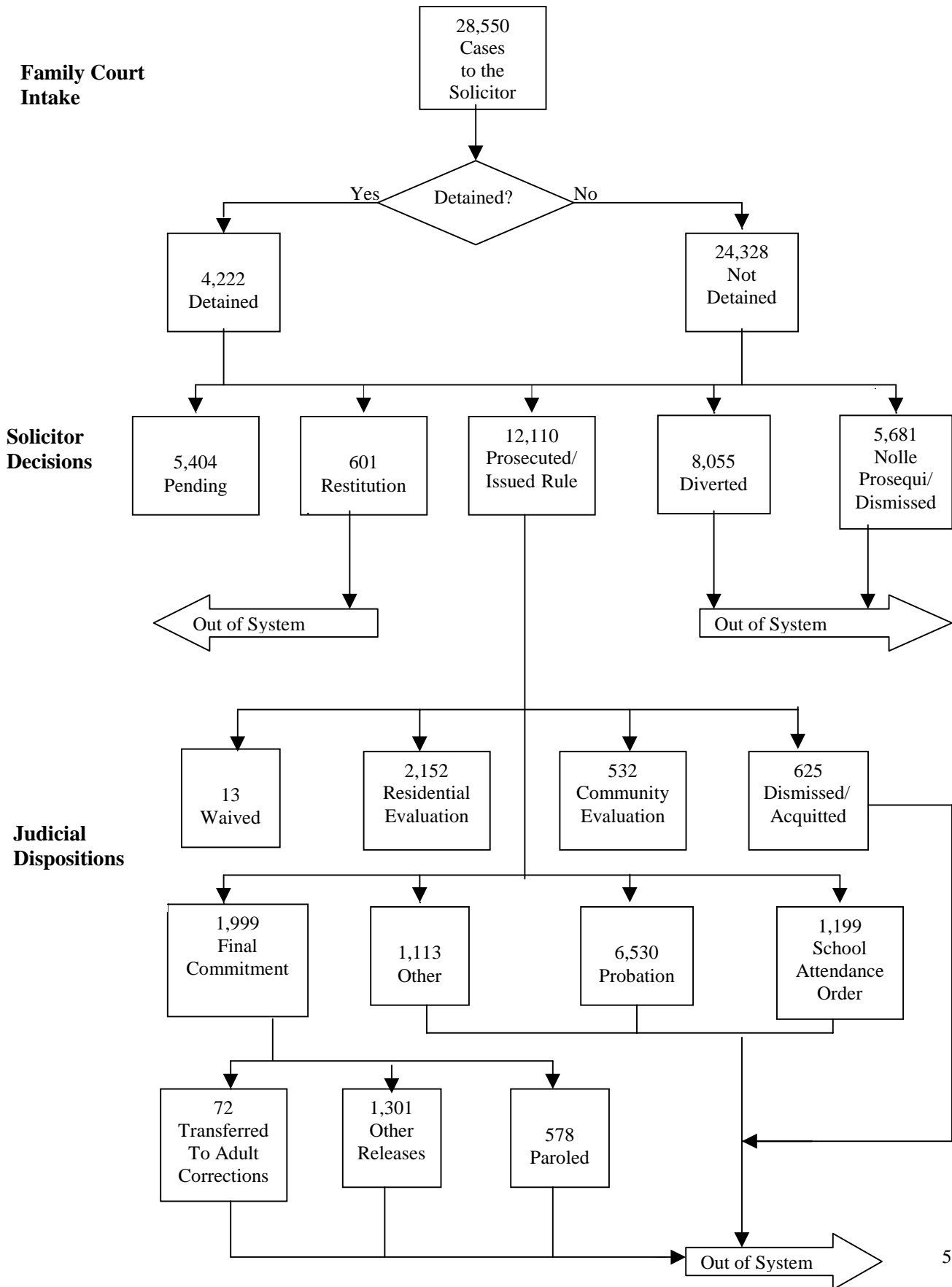
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Statistical Overview for Fiscal Year 2001-2002

- In fiscal year 2001-2002, the South Carolina Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) processed 28,550 juvenile cases, representing a 2 percent increase over the five-year period beginning in 1997-98.
- It is important to note that the number of juvenile cases classified as violent and serious declined 17 percent between 1997-98 and 2001-02. The number of violent and serious cases remains substantially lower than the peak year of 1994-95.
- The top offenses associated with juvenile delinquents at referral to the family court included disturbing schools, ranked first with 2,643 cases, truancy, second with 2,334 cases, and contempt of court, third with 2,308 cases. Simple assault and battery and shoplifting rounded out the top five.
- At the solicitor level, 46 percent of cases moved forward to the family court based on decisions to prosecute or issue rule to show cause petitions. Thirty-one percent (31%) of cases were diverted, often through the use of arbitration as an alternative to prosecution. Solicitors dismissed or chose not to prosecute 21 percent of cases. The remaining 2 percent were resolved through restitution.
- Fifty-eight percent (58%) of juveniles whose cases were heard in the family court received dispositions of probation. Sixteen percent (16%) of cases resulted in commitment to DJJ custody, and 11 percent in orders to attend school. The balance of cases were dismissed, acquitted or disposed in some other manner.
- Juvenile case resolutions included 1,000 orders to pay monetary restitution to victims. The total amount ordered was \$539,876.
- Juvenile case resolutions also included 3,245 orders to perform community service restitution. The total number of hours of service reflected in these orders was 112,364.
- DJJ received 2,152 temporary commitments to its residential evaluation centers in 2001-02. The number peaked in 1998-99 with 2,734 commitments, and has declined each year since then.
- DJJ received 1,999 juveniles into its orientation and assessment program for placement in commitment facilities and programs in 2001-02, showing no increasing or decreasing trend since the baseline year of 1997-98. The average daily population of committed juveniles of 883, represents a decline of 15 percent since the baseline year.

South Carolina Juvenile Justice System

FY 2001/2002



System Process and Flow

FY 2001/02

Family Court Intake- DJJ intake workers process delinquency cases by determining the facts of the case through law enforcement and/or school documentation of the infraction, interviews with juvenile and family, contacts with other agencies that may have knowledge to contribute, and consultation with victims. In cases where a juvenile has been taken into custody by law enforcement, DJJ is called upon to perform a detention screening. DJJ staff make an advisory recommendation on release or detention pending court resolution of the case. The initial intake process concludes when a case is turned over to the Solicitor's Office with an advisory recommendation by DJJ to prosecute or divert a case.

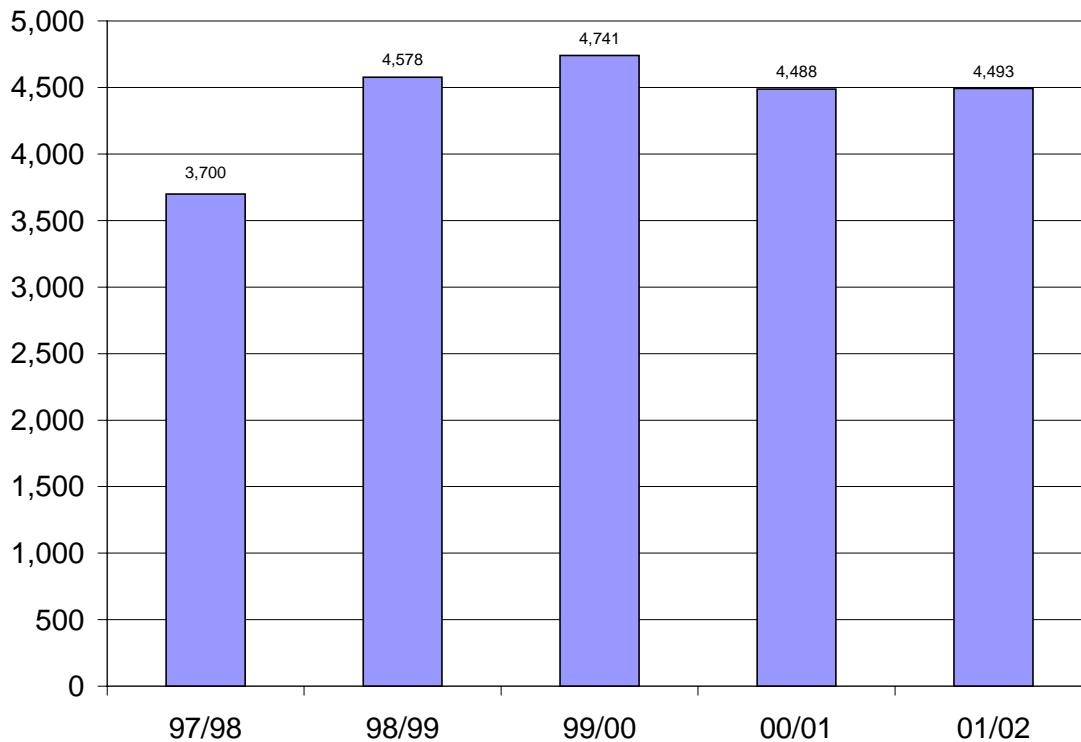
Solicitor Decision- The solicitor decision is one of whether to prosecute or not to prosecute a case. In part this decision rests on the merits of the case, and the result may be dismissal or a determination not to prosecute (*nolle prosequi*). The solicitor also may exercise non-judicial options, including, restitution and diversion programs. Typically, diversion programs are used for first time and minor offenders. Arbitration programs, law-related education, and behavioral contracts provide a means of diverting appropriate cases while still holding the offender accountable for his/her actions. Over half of the juvenile cases do not advance beyond this point.

Judicial Disposition- Judicial outcome rests in part upon the merits of the case, resulting in some dismissals and acquittals. State law also allows certain serious cases to be considered for waiver to the adult court.

The judge may order a psychological/social evaluation of a juvenile following an adjudication of delinquency (analogous to a conviction for a crime in the adult system). These evaluations are completed in secure residential facilities operated by DJJ or in the community prior to final disposition of the case. The most frequent final disposition is probation. Truancy-related cases may result in a school attendance order. The most serious sanction available to the Family Court is commitment to DJJ, either for a determinate (up to 90 days) or an indeterminate period (not to exceed the juvenile's 21st birthday). The Juvenile Parole Board governs the length of stay for indeterminately sentenced juveniles.

Juvenile Detention Pre- and Post- Adjudication

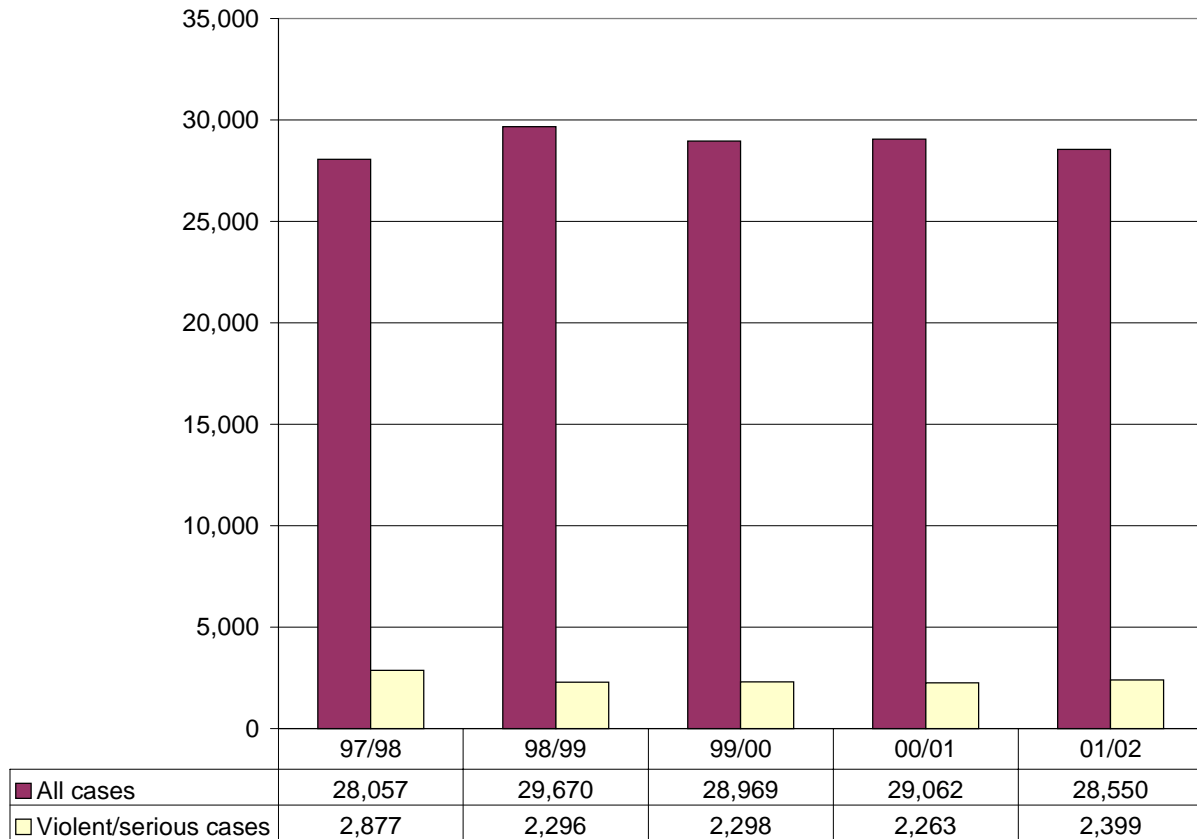
FY 1997/98 through FY 2001/02



Admissions to detention have increased over the last five years (21%). The admissions to detention in FY 2001/02 were black males (46%), white males (26%), black females (14%), and white females (12%), with the remaining 2% consisting of other males and females.

Juvenile Cases to the Solicitor

FY 1997/98 through FY 2001/02

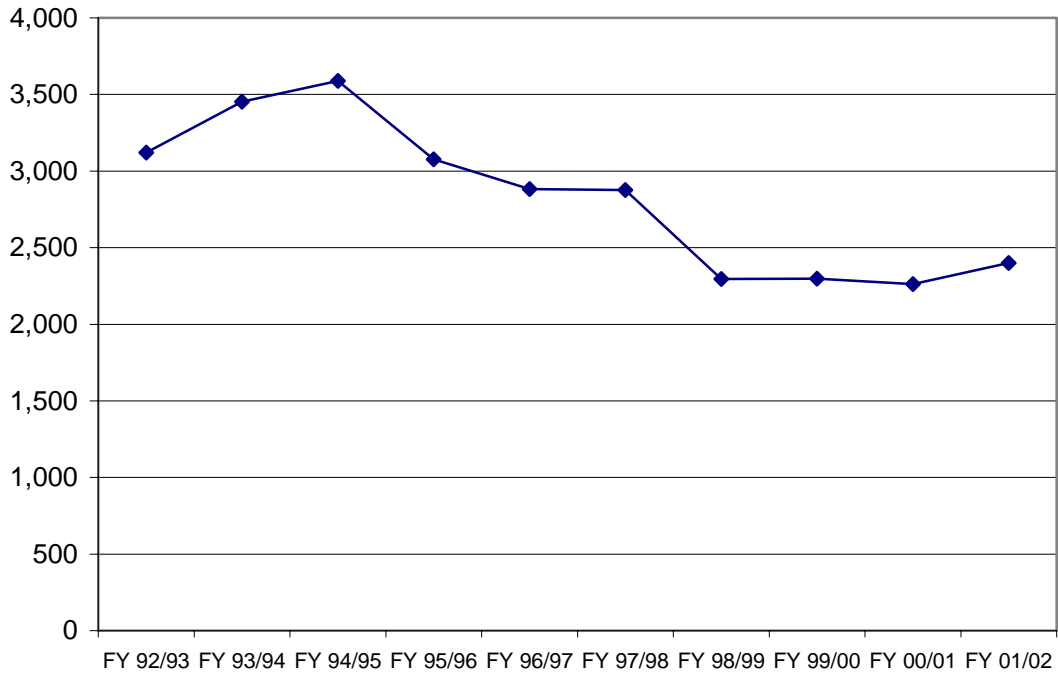


Over the last 5 years, all juvenile *cases to the solicitor have increased 2 percent, while the **violent/serious cases decreased 17 percent. Violent/serious cases compose just 8 percent of Family Court juvenile cases.

*A case may consist of one or more offenses charged to a juvenile and processed together. The most serious offense is used to categorize a case when multiple offenses are involved.

**Violent/serious cases include murder, criminal sexual conduct 1st & 2nd degree, assault & battery with intent to kill, kidnapping, voluntary manslaughter, armed robbery, arson 1st & 2nd degree, burglary 1st & 2nd degree, drug trafficking, and all offenses categorized in the South Carolina Code of Laws as acts against persons.

Violent and Serious Juvenile Cases - Ten-Year Comparison



The numbers of violent and serious juvenile cases have decreased 23% since the baseline year of 1992/93.

Counties with Increases in Juvenile Cases

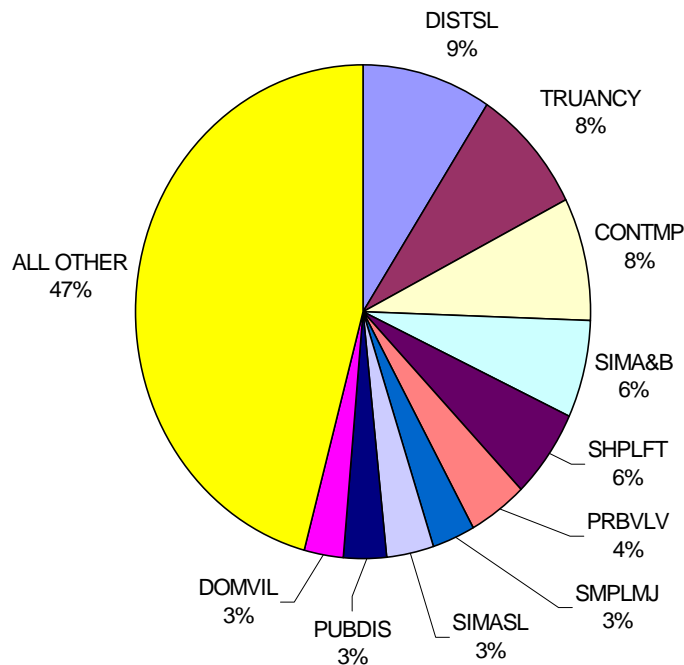
Between FY 2000/01 and FY 2001/02

Rank	County	FY 2001	FY 2002	Net Increase	% Increase
1	Chester	103	156	53	51%
2	Georgetown	382	555	173	45%
3	Beaufort	382	547	165	43%
4	Saluda	70	100	30	43%
5	Chesterfield	199	267	68	34%
6	Lancaster	577	737	160	28%
7	Fairfield	50	62	12	24%
8	Edgefield	95	117	22	23%
9	Allendale	119	145	26	22%
10	Colleton	317	384	67	21%
11	Aiken	820	974	154	19%
12	Clarendon	158	181	23	15%
13	Marion	459	503	44	10%
14	Pickens	585	639	54	9%
15	Orangeburg	1,003	1,092	89	9%
16	Kershaw	266	289	23	9%
17	Cherokee	449	480	31	7%
18	Union	297	317	20	7%
19	Greenville	2,264	2,367	103	5%
20	Darlington	668	690	22	3%
21	Horry	2,022	2,078	56	3%
22	Berkeley	1,414	1,434	20	1%
	Statewide	29,062	28,550		-2%

Increases in juvenile cases to the solicitor were seen in 22 of the state's 46 counties. The greatest percentage increase (51%) occurred in Chester county. The greatest net increases were seen in Georgetown (173), Beaufort (165), and Lancaster (160).

Ten Most Frequent Offenses Associated with Juvenile Cases to the Solicitor

FY 2001/02



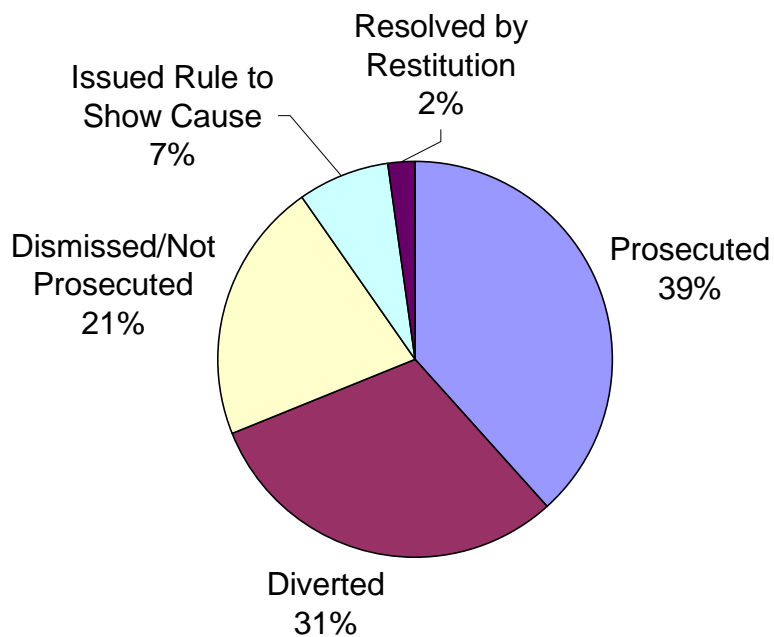
Rank	Offense	# of Cases (n=15,449)	% of All Cases (N=28,550)
1	Disturbing Schools	2,643	9%
2	Truancy	2,334	8%
3	Contempt of Court	2,308	8%
4	Simple Assault & Battery	1,803	6%
5	Shoplifting	1,702	6%
6	Probation Violation V*	1,148	4%
7	Simple Possession of Marijuana	940	3%
8	Simple Assault	896	3%
9	Public Disorderly Conduct	865	3%
10	Domestic Violence	810	3%

In FY '01/02, the ten offenses listed above accounted for over half of the 28,550 juvenile cases processed through intake by DJJ. These included one **status offense (truancy), and other offenses generally considered to be minor crimes.

*Violation of probation, where probation was given for a category V offense. Category V offenses are minor, misdemeanor-level crimes.

**Status offenses are offenses that can be charged only against juveniles including truancy, running away, and incorrigibility.

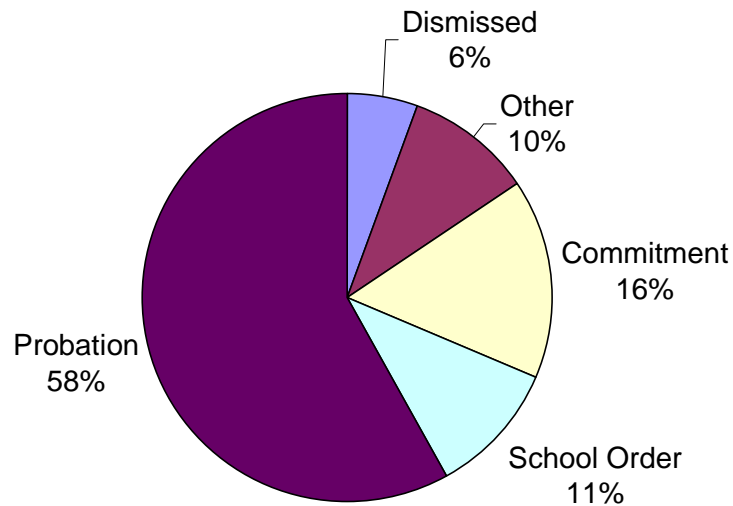
Solicitor Decisions in Juvenile Cases FY 2001/02



Solicitor decisions were made in 26,447 juvenile cases during FY 2001/02. Forty-six percent (46%) of these cases moved forward to the family courts based on decisions to prosecute or issue rule to show cause orders. The remaining 54 percent were diverted, resolved by restitution, dismissed, or not prosecuted. The percentage of cases resolved without formal prosecution has remained consistent in recent years.

Family Court Judicial Dispositions in Juvenile Cases

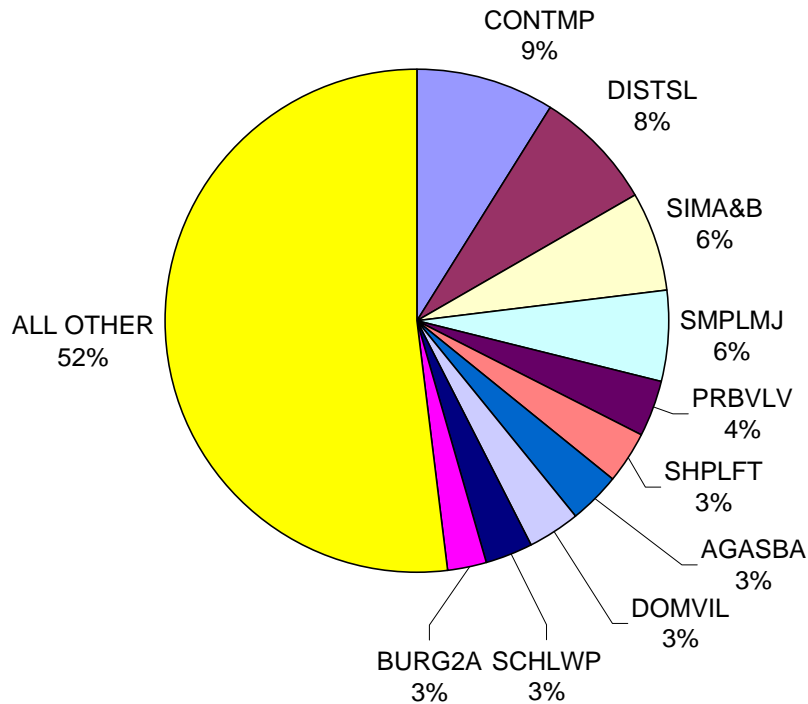
FY 2001/02



The Family Court disposed of 11,252 juvenile cases during the FY 2001/02. Probation was the primary disposition in 58 percent of the cases. This is very much in line with the national figure of 55 percent as last reported in 1997.

Ten Most Frequent Offenses Associated with Dispositions of Probation

FY 2001/02



Rank	Offense	# of Cases (n=3,140)	% of All Probation (N=6,530)
1	Contempt of Court	578	9%
2	Disturbing School	515	8%
3	Simple Assault & Battery	411	6%
4	Simple Possession of Marijuana	385	6%
5	Probation Violation (Category V)	238	4%
6	Shoplifting	219	3%
7	Aggravated Assault and Battery	216	3%
8	Domestic Violence	208	3%
9	Carrying Weapons on School Grounds	199	3%
10	Burglary 2 nd Degree (Non-violent)	171	3%

The ten offenses listed above accounted for 48 percent of all probation dispositions during FY 2001/02.

Community Case Services

FY 2001/2002

Processing of Juvenile Cases*

Juvenile cases forwarded to the solicitor	28,550
Diverted or dismissed at intake level	13,736
Dismissed or acquitted at judicial level	625
School attendance ordered by Family Court	1,199
Probation ordered by Family Court	6,530

Community Support Services

Probation/parole transferred to SC	183
Probation /parole transferred to other states	211
Runaways returned to SC	43
Runaways returned to other states	62
Out of state requisitions	2
South Carolina requisitions	7
<i>Interstate Compact Total</i>	508

Placement in DJJ operated group homes/shelters	237
Placement in marine/wilderness programs as an alternative to commitment	155
Transfer of committed juveniles to wilderness programs	374
Placement with multi-agency and other contractual providers	404
<i>Community-Based Residential Services Total</i>	1,170

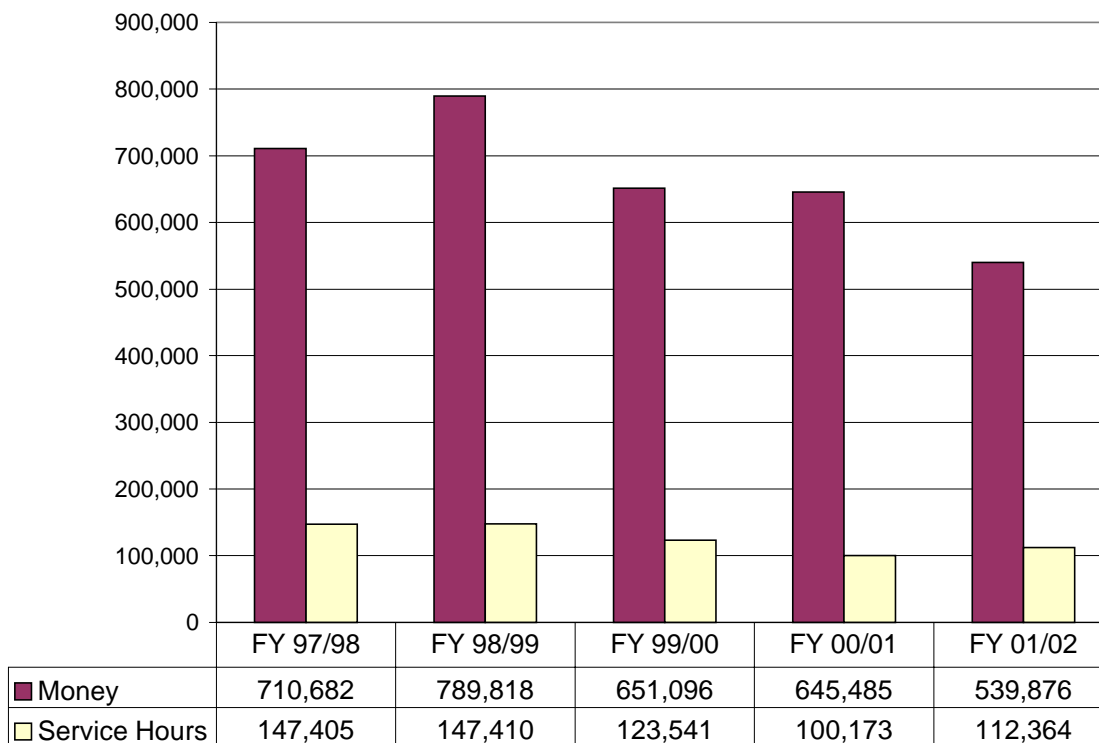
Community Case Management

Number on probation or parole as of June 2002	5,434
Juveniles paroled to the community in fiscal year 01-02	578

*Excludes those cases pending at the solicitor and judicial levels, certain administrative actions, General Sessions Court cases (juveniles tried as adults), and parole revocations.

Juvenile Restitution Orders

FY 1997/98 through FY 2001/02

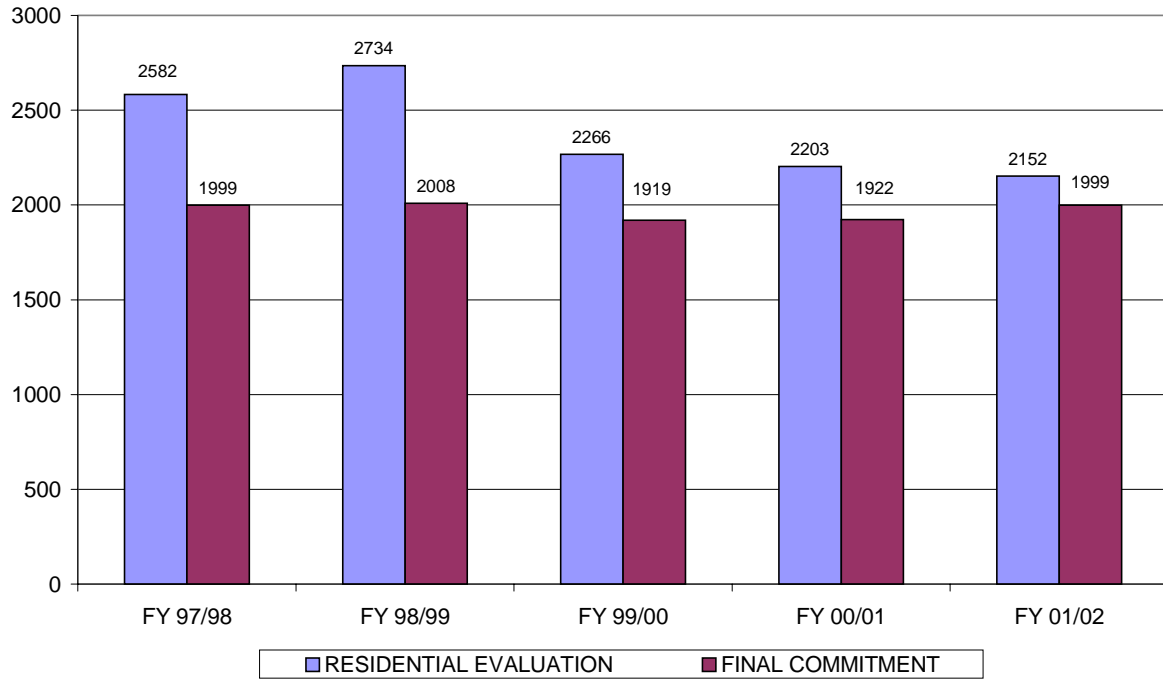


Restitution and other forms of offender accountability continue to receive strong emphasis within the department. Both the Family Court and the Juvenile Parole Board are authorized by law to impose restitution in the form of community service or monetary reparation. DJJ's restitution program offers services responsive to victim, community, and offender needs.

During FY 2001/02, juveniles were ordered to pay \$539,876 in restitution and to perform 112,364 hours of community service. Monetary orders have decreased significantly (24 percent) since FY 97/98, as have community service orders (24 percent).

Commitments

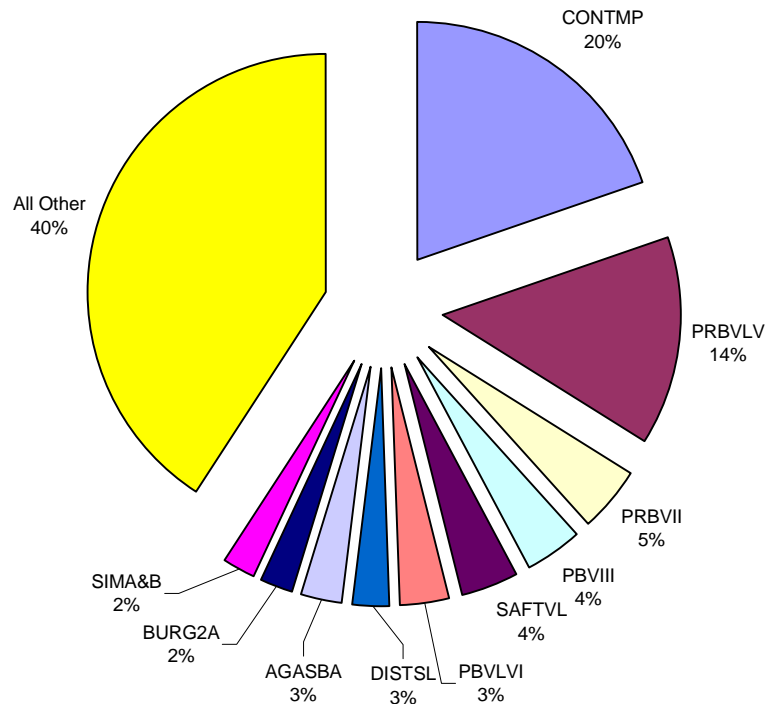
FY 1997/98 through FY 2001/02



Temporary commitments to residential evaluation centers decreased significantly (17 percent), while final commitments to DJJ custody were stable over the 5-year period.

Ten Most Frequent Offenses Associated with Commitment

FY 2001/02

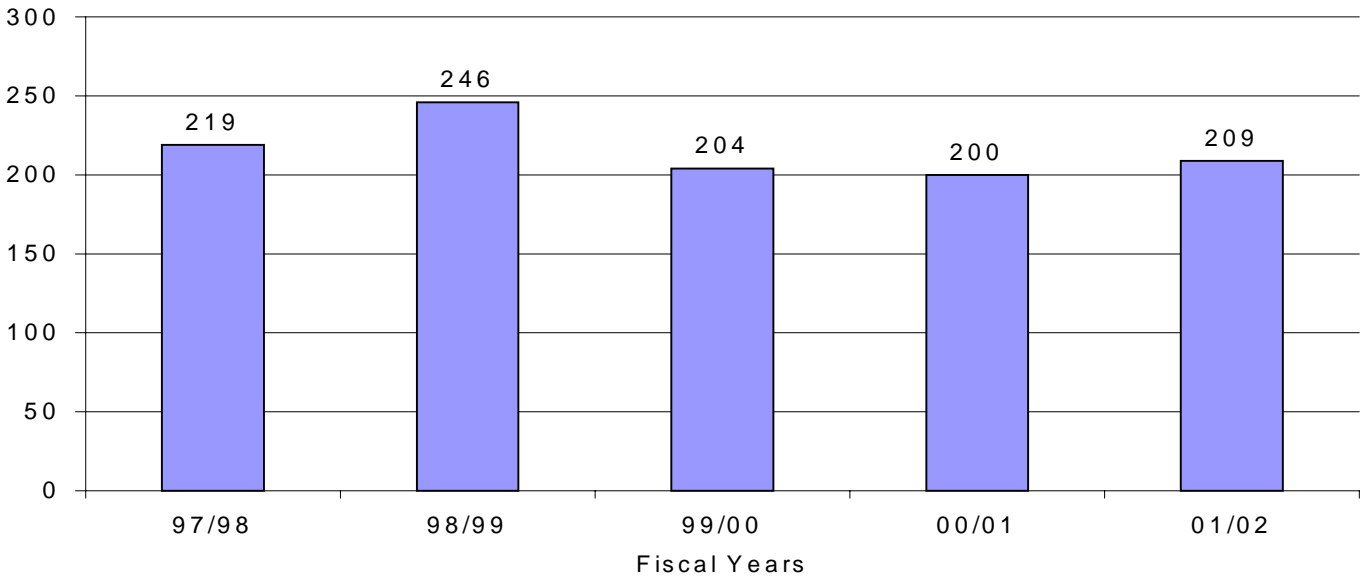


Rank	Offense	#of Cases (n= 1,182)	% of all Commitments (N=1,999)
1	Contempt of Court	392	20%
2	Probation Violation Category V	285	14%
3	Probation Violation Category II	92	5%
4	Probation Violation Category III	77	4%
5	Simple Aftercare Violation	75	4%
6	Probation Violation Category VI	67	3%
7	Disturbing Schools	53	3%
8	Aggravated Assault & Battery	52	3%
9	Burglary 2 nd Degree (non-violent)	45	2%
10	Simple Assault and Battery	44	2%

Contempt of court ranked first, and comprised 20 percent of the offenses associated with commitment to DJJ in FY 2001/02. Technical violations of probation or parole collectively account for a significant proportion of commitments.

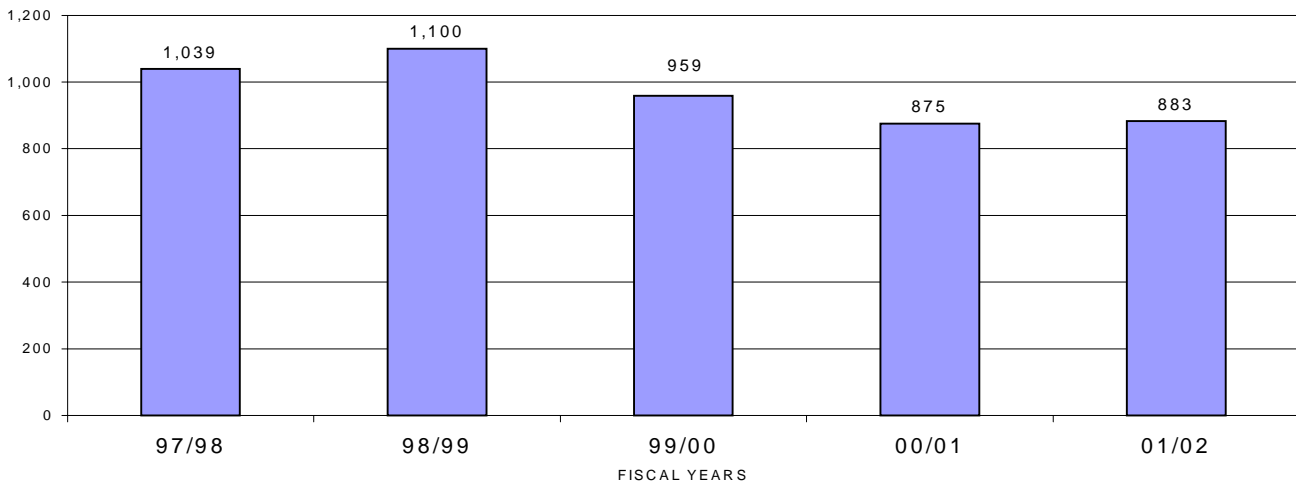
Average Daily Populations FY 1997/98 through FY 2001/02

Evaluation Centers



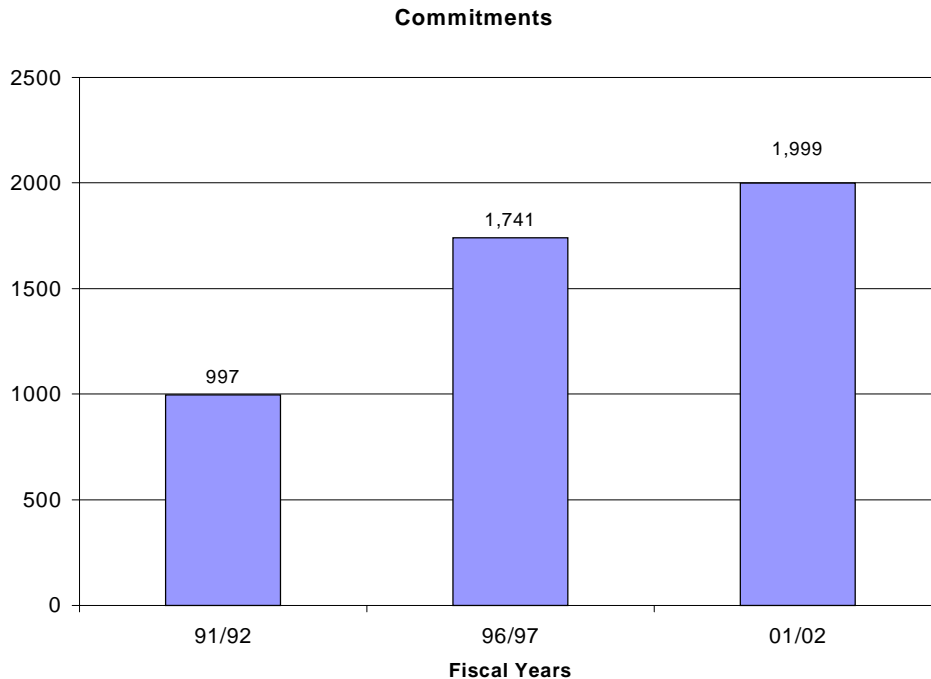
Evaluation Centers provide comprehensive diagnostic services to the Family Court for adjudicated juvenile offenders prior to final disposition of cases. Two regional evaluation facilities, Midlands and Upstate have opened since 1997. The average daily population returned to the approximate level of the baseline year of 1997/98, after peaking in 1998/99.

Commitment Programs

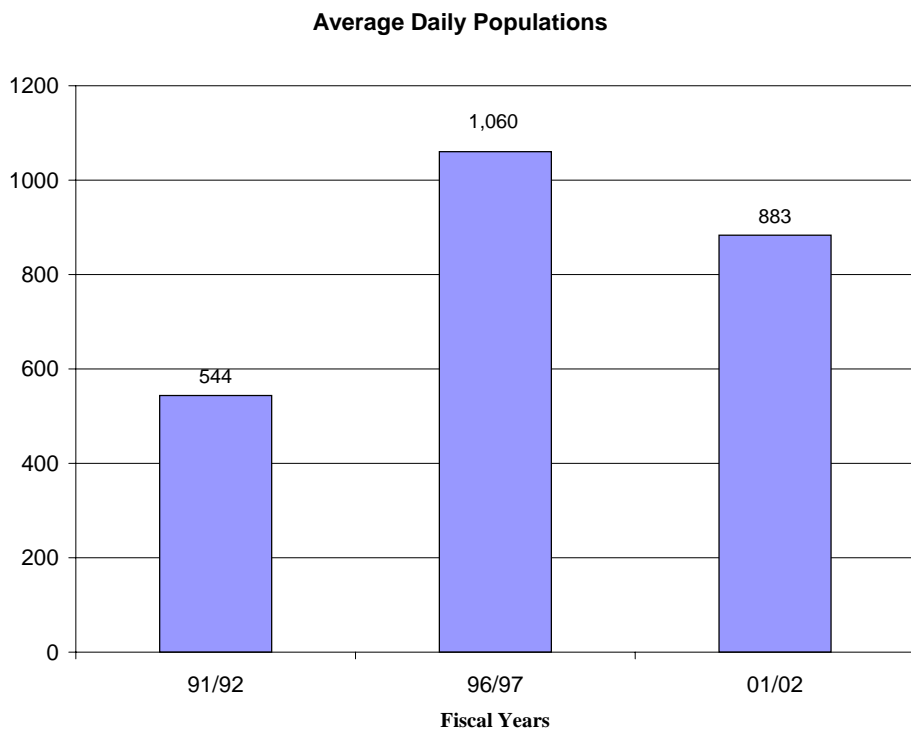


A variety of programs, ranging from wilderness camps to institutional facilities are used to accommodate youth committed to DJJ custody by the courts. The average daily population of committed juveniles has decreased by 15 percent since the baseline year of 1997/98, after peaking in 1998/99.

Commitments and Average Daily Populations A 10-Year Retrospective



Commitments to DJJ have increased sharply, doubling, in the last decade. The downturn in average daily population since 1996-97 is indicative of a shorter average length of stay for committed juveniles in DJJ custody.



Population Profiles over a 10-Year Span

FY 2001/02

	FY 1992	FY 1997	FY 2002	% Change FY '92 – 2002
Cases to the Solicitor	22,883	27,690	28,550	25%
Black	56%	55%	54%	
White	43%	44%	44%	
Other	1%	1%	2%	
Male	73%	70%	68%	
Female	27%	30%	32%	
Evaluation Commitments	1,974	1,866	2,152	9%
Black	64%	57%	57%	
White	35%	42%	42%	
Other	1%	1%	1%	
Male	81%	78%	76%	
Female	19%	22%	24%	
Average Daily Population	201	191	209	4%
Final Commitments	997	1,741	1,999	101%
Black	74%	62%	59%	
White	25%	37%	40%	
Other	1%	1%	1%	
Male	89%	75%	75%	
Female	11%	25%	25%	
Average Daily Population	544	1,060	883	59%

This chart presents the juvenile offender population at three points in time and at three levels within the juvenile justice system. Population increases at all levels over 10 years were significant. The most dramatic increases were seen in populations at the final commitment level, where they have more than doubled. It is noteworthy that the proportion of females has increased at all levels over the ten-year period.

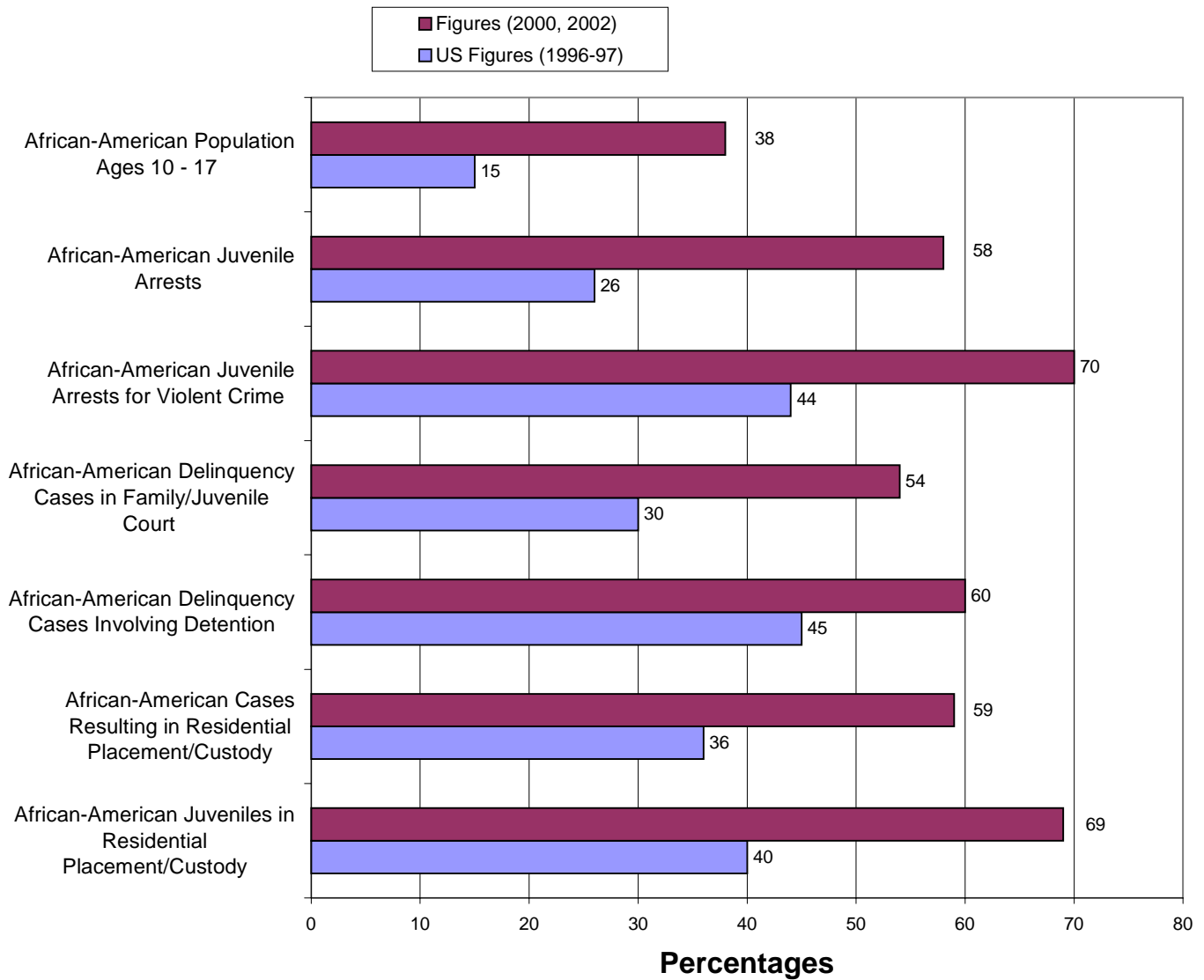
Juvenile Offender Profiles

FY 2001/02

Population	Intake (N = 28,550)	Probation (N = 6,530)	Final Commitments (N = 1,999)
Race			
Black	54%	55%	59%
White	44%	44%	40%
Other	2%	2%	1%
Sex			
Male	68%	72%	75%
Female	32%	28%	25%
Average Age	14.4	14.9	15.2
School Status			
Regular Classroom	67%	64%	53%
Not Attending	10%	11%	17%
Special Education	12%	12%	14%
Other	10%	13%	16%
Household Income			
Under \$10,000	30%	29%	33%
\$10,000 - \$19,999	35%	35%	36%
\$20,000 or more	35%	36%	31%
Living Arrangement			
Both Natural Parents	18%	19%	13%
Single Parent	55%	53%	55%
All Other	27%	28%	32%
Legal Characteristics			
Violent/Serious	8%	9%	13%
Prior Court History	54%	69%	93%

African-American Overrepresentation in the Juvenile Justice System

South Carolina & the United States



South Carolina had a disproportionate percentage of African Americans, when compared to the age eligible population, in several aspects of the juvenile justice system including: arrests, arrests for violent crime, delinquency referrals, detention, and juveniles in residential placement. This overrepresentation is consistent with national figures.

APPENDIX TABLE I
JUVENILES DETAINED (PRE and POST ADJUDICATORY) by COUNTY/JURISDICTION
FY 2001/2002

COUNTY/JURISDICTION	JUVENILES DETAINED	PERCENT of TOTAL
Abbeville	23	1%
Aiken	65	1%
Allendale	35	1%
Anderson	248	6%
Bamberg	14	0%
Barnwell	15	0%
Beaufort	64	1%
Berkeley	199	4%
Calhoun	3	0%
Charleston	888	20%
Cherokee	27	1%
Chester	50	1%
Chesterfield	15	0%
Clarendon	25	1%
Colleton	41	1%
Darlington	80	2%
Dillon	15	0%
Dorchester	83	2%
Edgefield	7	0%
Fairfield	13	0%
Florence	67	1%
Georgetown	28	1%
Greenville	741	16%
Greenwood	52	1%
Hampton	54	1%
Horry	174	4%
Jasper	38	1%
Kershaw	30	1%
Lancaster	65	1%
Laurens	53	1%
Lee	4	0%
Lexington	130	3%
McCormick	6	0%
Marion	29	1%
Marlboro	50	1%
Newberry	11	0%
Oconee	11	0%
Orangeburg	68	2%
Pickens	129	3%
Richland	246	5%
Saluda	9	0%
Spartanburg	369	8%
Sumter	53	1%
Union	10	0%
Williamsburg	12	0%
York	143	3%
Other Jurisdiction	1	0%
TOTAL	4,493	100.00%

APPENDIX TABLE II
DELINQUENCY PROCESSING RATE by COUNTY
 FY 2001/2002

COUNTY	All Juveniles		Delinquency Processing of Age-Eligible Juveniles	
	Ages 10 - 16*	Juvenile Cases	Percent	Rate per 1,000
Abbeville	2,681	123	5%	46
Aiken	14,974	974	7%	65
Allendale	1,184	145	12%	122
Anderson	15,986	1,019	6%	64
Bamberg	1,736	102	6%	59
Barnwell	2,780	131	5%	47
Beaufort	10,516	547	5%	52
Berkeley	16,361	1,434	9%	88
Calhoun	1,554	71	5%	46
Charleston	29,306	2,897	10%	99
Cherokee	5,236	480	9%	92
Chester	3,725	156	4%	42
Chesterfield	4,584	267	6%	58
Clarendon	3,590	181	5%	50
Colleton	4,310	384	9%	89
Darlington	6,809	690	10%	101
Dillon	3,656	261	7%	71
Dorchester	11,860	610	5%	51
Edgefield	2,455	117	5%	48
Fairfield	2,459	62	3%	25
Florence	13,415	951	7%	71
Georgetown	5,866	555	9%	95
Greenville	36,160	2,367	7%	65
Greenwood	6,529	515	8%	79
Hampton	2,475	92	4%	37
Horry	16,404	2,078	13%	127
Jasper	2,116	145	7%	69
Kershaw	5,700	289	5%	51
Lancaster	6,167	737	12%	120
Laurens	7,158	352	5%	49
Lee	2,091	67	3%	32
Lexington	22,406	1,766	8%	79
McCormick	873	53	6%	61
Marion	3,969	503	13%	127
Marlboro	3,062	260	8%	85
Newberry	3,465	193	6%	56
Oconee	6,062	215	4%	35
Orangeburg	9,748	1,092	11%	112
Pickens	9,659	639	7%	66
Richland	30,893	1,318	4%	43
Saluda	1,881	100	5%	53
Spartanburg	24,610	1,268	5%	52
Sumter	11,714	457	4%	39
Union	2,827	317	11%	112
Williamsburg	4,525	150	3%	33
York	17,427	1,420	8%	81
TOTAL	402,964	28,550	7%	71

*Population Census Data provided by SC Data Center April 1, 2000.

APPENDIX TABLE III
JUVENILE CASES to the SOLICITOR by COUNTY
FY 2001/2002

COUNTY	ALL CASES	VIOLENT/SERIOUS		STATUS	
	NUMBER	NUMBER	PERCENT	NUMBER	PERCENT
Abbeville	123	6	5%	20	16%
Aiken	974	40	4%	99	10%
Allendale	145	31	21%	23	16%
Anderson	1,019	59	6%	5	0%
Bamberg	102	23	23%	2	2%
Barnwell	131	17	13%	11	8%
Beaufort	547	82	15%	28	5%
Berkeley	1,434	62	4%	211	15%
Calhoun	71	5	7%	4	6%
Charleston	2,897	253	9%	139	5%
Cherokee	480	34	7%	226	47%
Chester	156	23	15%	27	17%
Chesterfield	267	32	12%	57	21%
Clarendon	181	24	13%	17	9%
Colleton	384	32	8%	55	14%
Darlington	690	72	10%	153	22%
Dillon	261	31	12%	28	11%
Dorchester	610	70	11%	88	14%
Edgefield	117	11	9%	11	9%
Fairfield	62	8	13%	25	40%
Florence	951	91	10%	134	14%
Georgetown	555	63	11%	3	1%
Greenville	2,367	224	9%	333	14%
Greenwood	515	43	8%	58	11%
Hampton	92	18	20%	12	13%
Horry	2,078	124	6%	329	16%
Jasper	145	8	6%	29	20%
Kershaw	289	22	8%	58	20%
Lancaster	737	62	8%	37	5%
Laurens	352	37	11%	51	14%
Lee	67	13	19%	1	1%
Lexington	1,766	90	5%	268	15%
McCormick	53	4	8%	4	8%
Marion	503	65	13%	74	15%
Marlboro	260	28	11%	55	21%
Newberry	193	21	11%	22	11%
Oconee	215	19	9%	11	5%
Orangeburg	1,092	68	6%	225	21%
Pickens	639	30	5%	128	20%
Richland	1,318	151	11%	76	6%
Saluda	100	10	10%	22	22%
Spartanburg	1,268	88	7%	161	13%
Sumter	457	70	15%	73	16%
Union	317	11	3%	44	14%
Williamsburg	150	17	11%	41	27%
York	1,420	107	8%	289	20%
TOTAL	28,550	2,399	8%	3,767	13%

APPENDIX TABLE IV
SOLICITOR ACTION on JUVENILE CASES by COUNTY
 FY 2001/2002

COUNTY	PENDING	DISMISS	DIVERT	RESTITUTION	PROSECUTE	ISSUE RULE	TOTAL*
Abbeville	13	25	31	0	65	4	125
Aiken	2	149	226	0	375	203	953
Allendale	0	1	46	0	99	0	146
Anderson	106	166	272	0	358	206	1,002
Bamberg	1	20	17	0	50	17	104
Barnwell	0	14	39	0	96	9	158
Beaufort	263	103	117	60	205	69	494
Berkeley	894	127	91	153	250	86	614
Calhoun	2	17	19	0	29	4	222
Charleston	684	408	1,167	126	656	169	2,400
Cherokee	2	166	100	0	203	27	622
Chester	0	61	38	0	62	1	162
Chesterfield	33	75	34	0	124	5	238
Clarendon	77	61	48	0	54	0	163
Colleton	37	49	146	0	116	51	362
Darlington	148	218	99	0	311	24	652
Dillon	19	54	128	2	148	21	351
Dorchester	231	84	160	0	288	0	534
Edgefield	8	36	45	0	28	2	111
Fairfield	2	14	1	0	46	0	61
Florence	113	323	510	5	132	21	986
Georgetown	263	68	67	191	130	3	273
Greenville	681	236	908	8	778	1	2,114
Greenwood	143	75	161	5	174	3	421
Hampton	9	2	4	0	82	3	96
Horry	715	760	106	0	970	95	1,931
Jasper	10	23	40	0	79	0	142
Kershaw	110	54	40	0	159	0	253
Lancaster	150	312	186	9	110	22	630
Laurens	36	31	98	0	162	35	335
Lee	2	8	21	0	41	0	70
Lexington	76	504	699	2	321	361	1,885
McCormick	5	14	22	0	8	4	50
Marion	44	147	194	9	156	26	523
Marlboro	25	61	78	0	131	2	281
Newberry	1	20	97	0	73	5	195
Oconee	6	30	113	0	64	10	217
Orangeburg	32	154	268	11	605	37	1,064
Pickens	156	81	184	15	222	81	579
Richland	0	146	109	1	954	103	1,327
Saluda	4	31	22	0	41	8	103
Spartanburg	158	372	370	0	350	145	1,237
Sumter	33	94	182	4	223	2	501
Union	2	26	77	0	193	4	304
Williamsburg	68	15	29	0	51	21	116
York	40	246	646	0	387	61	1,340
TOTAL	5,404	5,681	8,055	601	10,159	1,951	26,447

*Total does not include pending and certain other administrative type decisions.

APPENDIX TABLE V
DISPOSITION of JUVENILE CASES by COUNTY
FY 2001/2002

COUNTY	DISMISS	SCHOOL ORDER	PROBATION	COMMITMENT	OTHER	TOTAL*
Abbeville	2	16	21	9	7	55
Aiken	57	63	248	54	15	437
Allendale	2	10	58	15	1	86
Anderson	37	0	234	61	109	441
Bamberg	4	0	51	3	2	60
Barnwell	4	5	56	12	1	78
Beaufort	21	0	111	44	20	196
Berkeley	4	40	193	13	74	324
Calhoun	3	2	12	10	3	30
Charleston	9	5	620	71	227	932
Cherokee	8	100	66	12	1	187
Chester	4	0	34	13	3	54
Chesterfield	3	58	29	24	8	122
Clarendon	0	0	24	5	2	31
Colleton	9	17	68	11	25	130
Darlington	4	64	44	57	39	208
Dillon	10	22	55	17	6	110
Dorchester	24	21	146	10	29	230
Edgefield	0	1	25	7	0	33
Fairfield	0	3	11	18	0	32
Florence	20	10	95	21	14	160
Georgetown	22	1	98	13	10	144
Greenville	6	89	420	170	135	820
Greenwood	1	32	90	31	4	158
Hampton	0	11	26	21	3	61
Horry	124	63	622	116	56	981
Jasper	0	2	57	27	2	88
Kershaw	53	38	92	18	1	202
Lancaster	4	0	83	23	2	112
Laurens	3	24	97	29	3	156
Lee	2	0	16	4	0	22
Lexington	8	175	423	171	5	782
McCormick	0	0	17	6	1	24
Marion	26	0	105	20	11	162
Marlboro	5	13	44	26	21	109
Newberry	0	42	44	7	3	96
Oconee	0	0	60	3	0	63
Orangeburg	79	88	179	45	35	426
Pickens	2	108	135	42	31	318
Richland	17	11	809	318	25	1,180
Saluda	0	17	26	7	4	54
Spartanburg	12	13	315	58	29	427
Sumter	6	8	117	20	12	163
Union	1	8	102	6	11	128
Williamsburg	4	10	26	11	4	55
York	25	9	324	37	52	447
Out of State			2	69	67	138
TOTAL	625	1,199	6,530	1,785	1,113	11,252

*Total does not include all judicial sanctions, General Sessions Court cases or end of the year processing.

APPENDIX TABLE VI
RESTITUTION ACTIVITY by COUNTY/JURISDICTION
 FY 2001/2002

COUNTY/JURISDICTION	MONETARY RESTITUTION			COMMUNITY SERVICE		
	ORDERS	AMOUNT	AVERAGE	ORDERS	HOURS	AVERAGE
Abbeville	5	\$1,323	\$264.57	0	0	0.00
Aiken	26	\$8,031	\$308.89	131	12,470	95.19
Allendale	6	\$333	\$55.42	25	1,450	58.00
Anderson	26	\$18,476	\$710.63	4	470	117.50
Bamberg	9	\$1,512	\$167.98	23	1,210	52.61
Barnwell	2	\$458	\$229.00	4	140	35.00
Beaufort	29	\$25,350	\$874.14	138	6,175	44.75
Berkeley	18	\$14,863	\$825.72	255	6,025	23.63
Calhoun	2	\$303	\$151.28	4	165	41.25
Charleston	134	\$68,278	\$509.54	325	8,198	25.22
Cherokee	14	\$4,062	\$290.15	41	1,138	27.76
Chester	5	\$825	\$165.00	35	715	20.43
Chesterfield	6	\$6,652	\$1,108.69	7	375	53.57
Clarendon	10	\$8,572	\$857.17	51	765	15.00
Colleton	9	\$4,050	\$449.98	17	875	51.48
Darlington	5	\$4,317	\$863.36	12	510	42.50
Dillon	12	\$2,518	\$209.85	9	460	51.11
Dorchester	25	\$11,664	\$466.57	105	5,715	54.43
Edgefield	5	\$920	\$183.99	13	295	22.69
Fairfield	1	\$20	\$20.00	0	0	0.00
Florence	31	\$22,758	\$34.00	34	1,705	50.15
Georgetown	33	\$9,551	\$289.43	258	5,757	22.31
Greenville	64	\$47,104	\$736.00	117	6,277	53.65
Greenwood	26	\$6,931	\$266.57	25	1,495	59.80
Hampton	1	\$2,617	\$2,617.00	6	800	133.33
Horry	31	\$11,743	\$378.82	229	6,504	28.40
Jasper	2	\$600	\$300.00	4	105	26.25
Kershaw	17	\$6,631	\$390.09	21	855	40.71
Lancaster	28	\$9,974	\$356.22	41	1,410	34.39
Laurens	12	\$5,089	\$424.05	33	1,050	31.82
Lee	1	\$300	\$300.00	11	405	36.82
Lexington	21	\$17,086	\$813.60	148	4,009	27.09
McCormick	0	\$0	\$0.00	11	250	22.73
Marion	19	\$6,765	\$356.04	83	2,530	30.48
Marlboro	9	\$3,600	\$400.04	15	408	27.20
Newberry	11	\$5,454	\$495.77	0	0	0.00
Oconee	13	\$3,458	\$266.01	11	565	51.36
Orangeburg	19	\$5,464	\$287.60	46	1,668	36.26
Pickens	16	\$9,162	\$572.62	53	1,225	23.11
Richland	42	\$12,692	\$302.18	512	16,810	32.83
Saluda	5	\$3,576	\$715.28	13	330	25.38
Spartanburg	51	\$27,410	\$537.45	120	3,840	32.00
Sumter	74	\$39,781	\$537.57	66	2,541	38.50
Union	9	\$1,394	\$154.90	20	450	22.50
Williamsburg	2	\$1,168	\$583.80	21	825	39.29
York	28	\$9,806	\$350.20	143	3,173	22.19
Juvenile Parole Board	86	\$87,237	\$1,014.38	5	225	45.00
TOTAL	1,000	\$539,876	\$539.88	3,245	112,364	34.63

* Detail may not equal total due to rounding

APPENDIX TABLE VII
COMMITMENTS by COUNTY
FY 2001/2002

COUNTY	EVALUATION COMMITMENTS		FINAL COMMITMENTS	
	NUMBER	% OF TOTAL	NUMBER	% OF TOTAL
Abbeville	20	1%	10	1%
Aiken	116	5%	68	3%
Allendale	24	1%	17	1%
Anderson	99	5%	82	4%
Bamberg	10	0%	4	0%
Barnwell	12	1%	13	1%
Beaufort	54	3%	58	3%
Berkeley	60	3%	25	1%
Calhoun	7	0%	10	1%
Charleston	129	6%	93	5%
Cherokee	35	2%	17	1%
Chester	20	1%	14	1%
Chesterfield	11	1%	25	1%
Clarendon	16	1%	7	0%
Colleton	14	1%	18	1%
Darlington	35	2%	66	3%
Dillon	18	1%	20	1%
Dorchester	36	2%	17	1%
Edgefield	10	0%	7	0%
Fairfield	10	0%	18	1%
Florence	32	1%	30	2%
Georgetown	35	2%	19	1%
Greenville	205	10%	203	10%
Greenwood	42	2%	38	2%
Hampton	16	1%	24	1%
Horry	175	8%	145	7%
Jasper	15	1%	27	1%
Kershaw	21	1%	20	1%
Lancaster	29	1%	25	1%
Laurens	28	1%	34	2%
Lee	11	1%	9	0%
Lexington	122	6%	172	9%
McCormick	5	0%	5	0%
Marion	30	1%	20	1%
Marlboro	17	1%	30	2%
Newberry	18	1%	7	0%
Oconee	13	1%	2	0%
Orangeburg	53	2%	48	2%
Pickens	58	3%	47	2%
Richland	250	12%	320	16%
Saluda	12	1%	9	0%
Spartanburg	109	5%	76	4%
Sumter	26	1%	26	1%
Union	27	1%	11	1%
Williamsburg	6	0%	13	1%
York	49	2%	41	2%
Out of State	12	1%	9	0%
TOTAL	2,152	100%	1,999	100%